

C# Class (Microsoft Visual Studio)

1. What is the difference between the `==` and `=` operator?
2. What is inheritance and why would we want to use it?
3. Why would we want to make various classes as opposed to having a single class?
4. Consider the following section of code from the definition of class `OfficeBuilding`.

```
public class OfficeBuilding
{
    public int sqrFeet;
    private string name;
    protected double cost;
    public OfficeBuilding() { ... }
    protected bool isBuilt(){ ... }
    public void moveIn(){ ... }
    public double rentSpace(){ ... }
    private int renovate(int days) { ... }
}
```

- a. Which members/methods are visible to (accessible from) `OfficeBuilding` and its subclasses?
 - b. Which members/methods are visible to (accessible from) only the `OfficeBuilding` class?
 - c. Which members/methods are visible to (accessible from) any class?
5. Which of the following is correct?
 - A. The *object* is the blueprint, and we can have many instances of it, called *classes*
 - B. A *class* is like the blueprint, and we can have many instances of it called, which are called *objects*
 - C. There is no difference between a *class* and an *object*
 - D. The `object` keyword indicates we're defining an *object* and the `class` keyword indicates we're defining a *class*
 6. What is the purpose of the `%=` operator?
 7. Why are data structures important in programming?
 8. Give an example of polymorphism. More specifically, provide/write a method (using C# syntax) in a base class so that it can be overridden in a derived class, and provide/write that method. The answer should only contain two methods.
 9. Briefly describe the notion of a stream, and provide a brief example of how we used it in class.
 10. What is the `delegate` keyword used for?
 11. What is a lambda function?